

FINITE ELEMENT MODELLING RESEARCH GROUP (FEMRG)

**Laboratory Soete, Faculty of Engineering and
Architecture, Ghent University**

<http://www.finiteelementresearch.ugent.be/>

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Investigate the effect of heterogeneity of material on fretting fatigue problem with numerical modeling

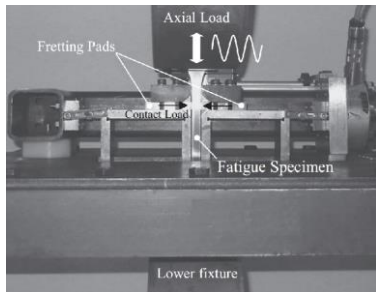
Keywords: fretting fatigue, heterogeneity, critical plane method, finite element model

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Sketch of Fretting Fatigue Experiment Setup



$$FP = \frac{\Delta\tau_{max}}{2} + k_1\sigma_n^{max}$$

Critical Plane Method

$$FP = \tau_f' (2N_i)^b$$

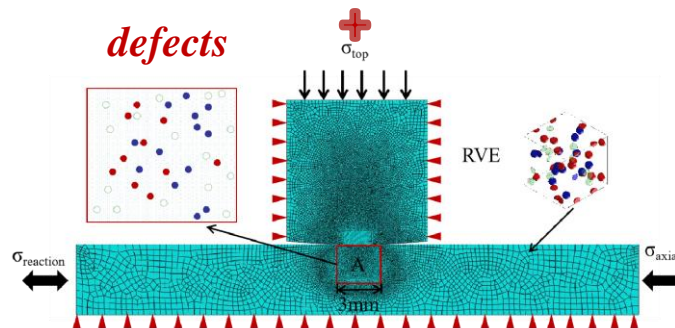
$$FS = \frac{\Delta\gamma_{max}}{2} \left(1 + k_2 \frac{\sigma_n^{max}}{\sigma_y} \right) = \frac{\tau_f'}{G} (2N_i)^{b'} + \gamma_f' (2N_i)^{c'}$$

N_i - Crack initiation lifetime

$N_{i\text{-numerical}}$



$N_{i\text{-experimental}}$



Finite element study of fretting wear of steel wires

Keywords: fretting fatigue, heterogeneity, critical plane method, finite element model

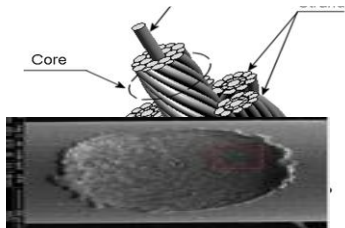
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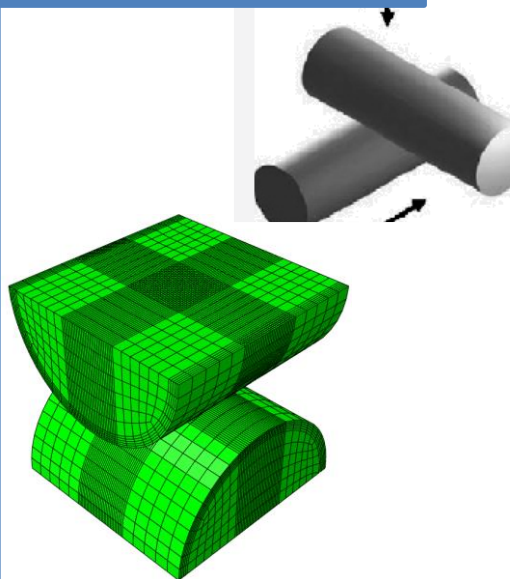
Objective



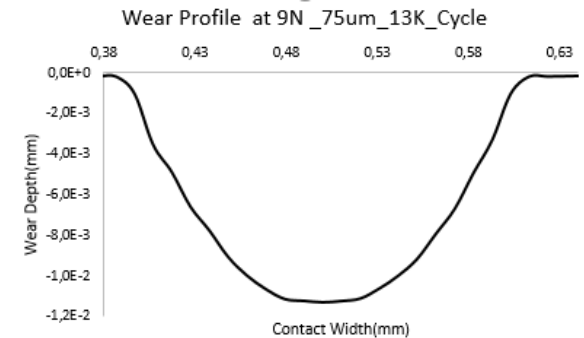
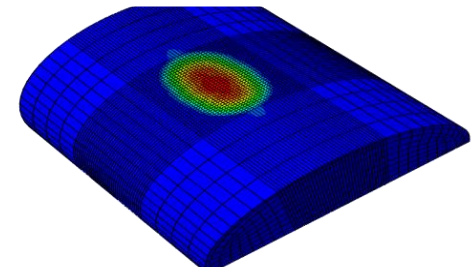
Applications

**Fretting Wear
of Steel Wires**

Methods



Tasks



Damage assessment for bridges using artificial neural network

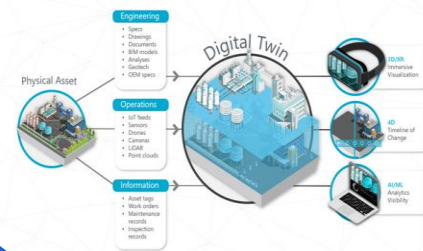
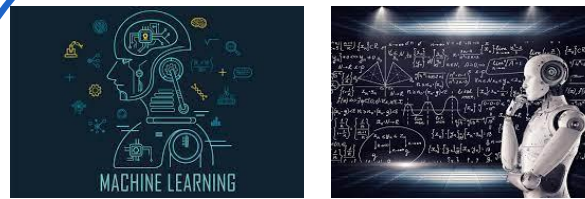
Keywords: Structural Health Monitoring, Bridges, Artificial Neural Network

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ANN prediction model for composite pipes against low velocity impact loads using finite element analysis

Keywords: FEM, Artificial Neural Network, Prediction model, Composite pipe

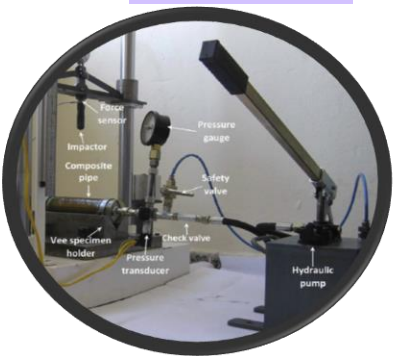


Promoter: Prof. Magd Abdel Wahab

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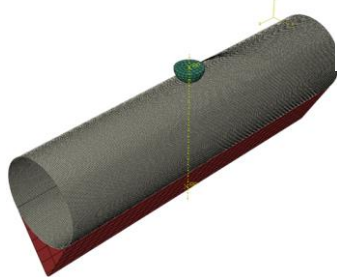
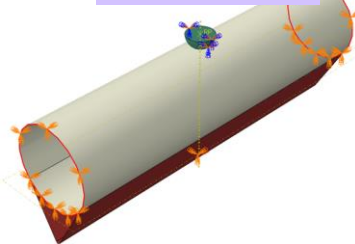
Post-doc: Samir Khatir

Objective 1



Low velocity impact test

Objective 2



Validation using FEM

Objective 3

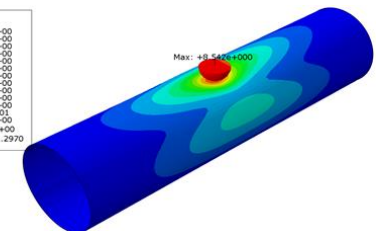
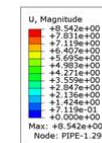


Data collected from FEM



Objective 4

Fast prediction model



Development of the simulation platform for WAAM processing

Keywords: Simulation, WAAM, FEM

Promoter: Prof. Magd Abdel Wahab

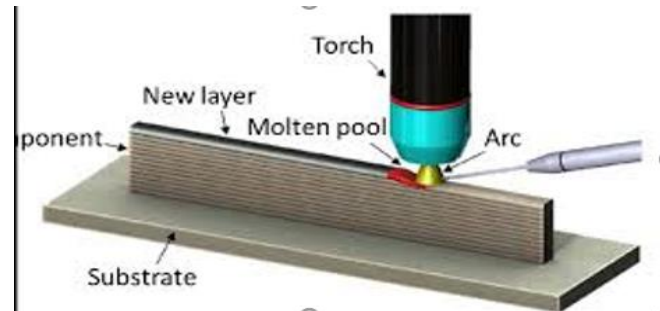
Post-doc: Yong Ling



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Objective:

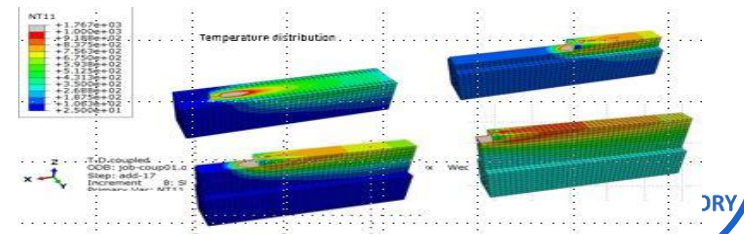
- Build the platform is for WAAM parameters inputs.
- Connect Abaqus, Matlab, Python and Fortran subroutines



Method: T-M-M FEA by Abaqus, Matlab and subroutines.

Tasks:

- * develop the platform by using **.NET**.
- * simulate WAAM process for the experiment part
- * validate the thermo- mechanical modelling.



Modeling multiaxial fatigue behavior of nuclear materials

Keywords: Fatigue, FEM, Nuclear materials



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Objective

- Model the complex behavior of nuclear materials from multiaxial fatigue loading to plane stresses

Method

- Update an existing MATLAB code model to closer to application models

Tasks

- Study nuclear materials fatigue behavior
- Study principle stress transformations
- Verify model with experimental results

Type	Uniaxial loading	Multiaxial loading		
	Tension - compression	Reversed torsion	Tension - compression and reversed torsion	Biaxial tension - compression
Applied strain				
Strain state				
Principal strain directions are fixed.				

A surrogate-assisted stochastic optimization inversion algorithm for parameter identification of dams

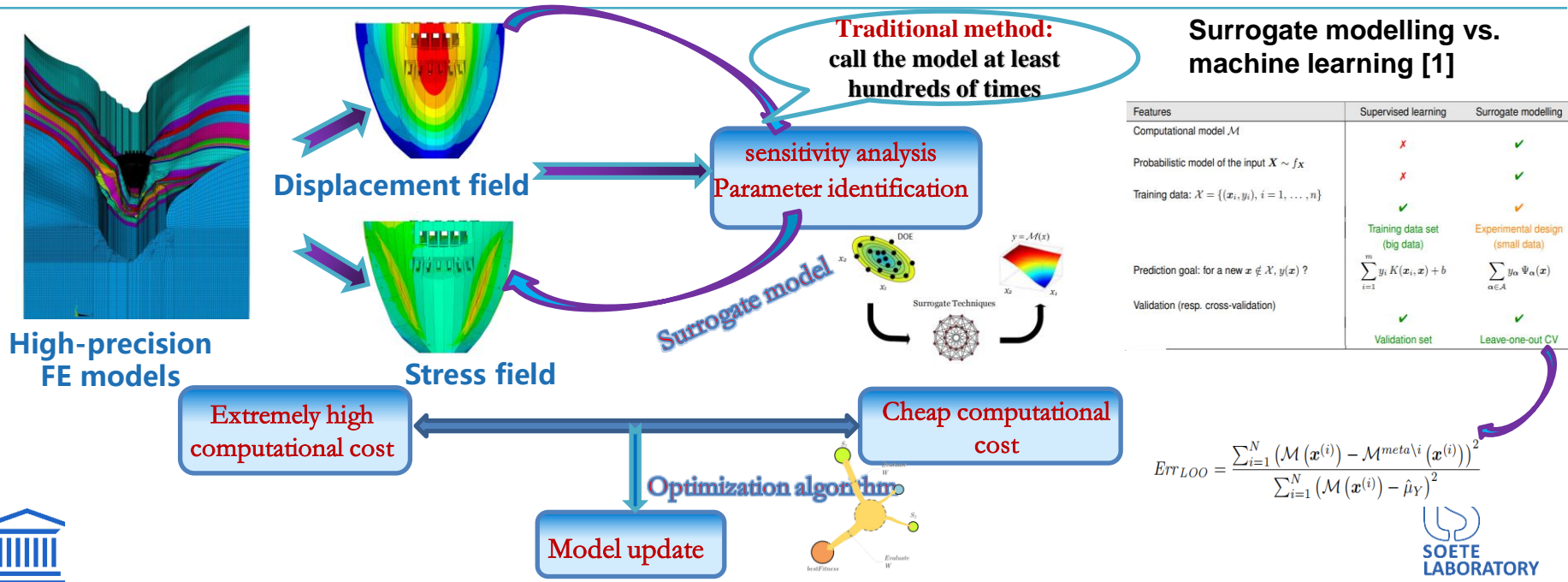
Keywords: Concrete dams, Surrogate model, Stochastic optimization algorithm, Model update

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Numerical Simulation of Fretting Fatigue Behaviours of Titanium Alloy Treated by Ultrasonic Surface Rolling Process

Keywords: fretting fatigue, ultrasonic surface rolling, compressive residual stress, finite element Method

Promoter: Prof. Magd Abdel Wahab

Student: Kaifa Fan

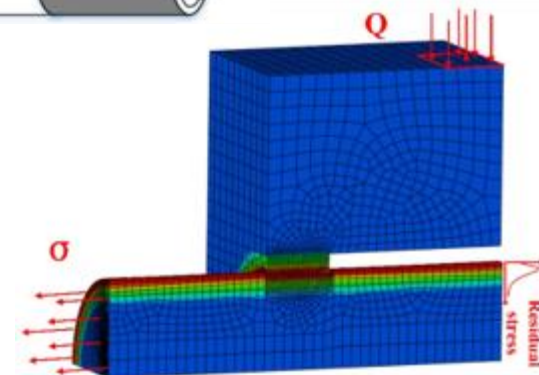
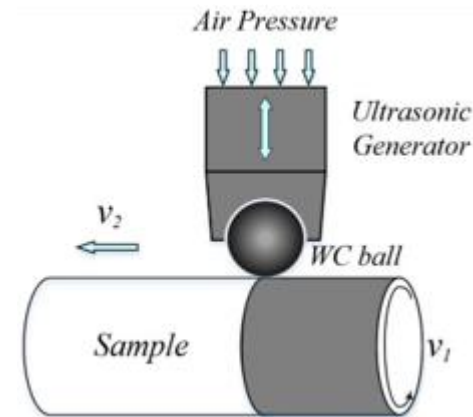


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Objectives: USRP can introduce compressive residual stress (CRS), surface hardening, grain refinement to the surface of titanium alloy, which are beneficial to improve the fretting fatigue (FF) resistance.

Methods: Finite element methods are effective in predicting the FF life combined with critical plane model (CP) or continuum damage model (CDM).

Task: Investigate the effect of USRP on FF behaviors and predict the FF life under various working conditions.



Vibration-based SHM in steel bridge using artificial intelligence

Keywords: Vibration, structural health monitoring (SHM), artificial intelligence

Promoter: Prof. Magd Abdel Wahab

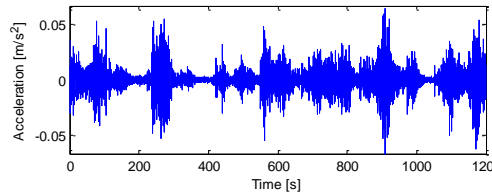


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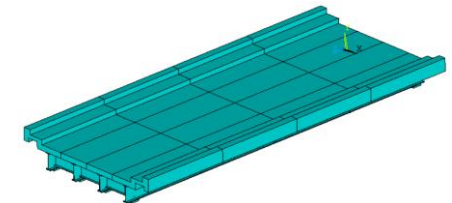
Student: Ho Viet Long



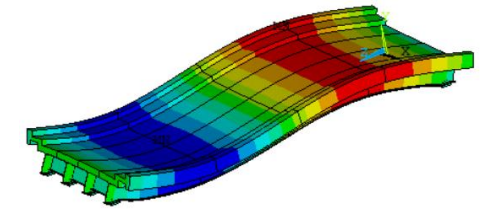
In-situ investigation of the observed bridge



Vibration measurement under ambient load using accelerometers

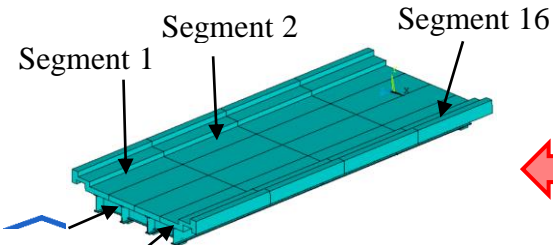


Building FE baseline model via model updating

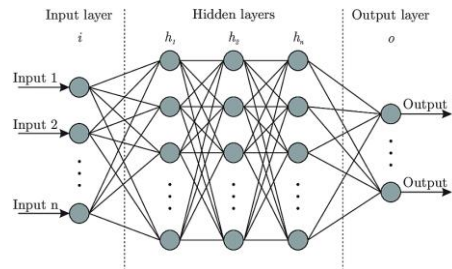


Extracting modal properties (frequencies, mode shapes) from the baseline model

LABORATORY



Estimating damage based on the future modal properties



Optimizing ANN's structure for damage detection using a stochastic optimization process



Finite element study of fretting wear properties between Unsm-treated and as-printed alloy 718

Keywords: UNSM process, FEM, fretting wear

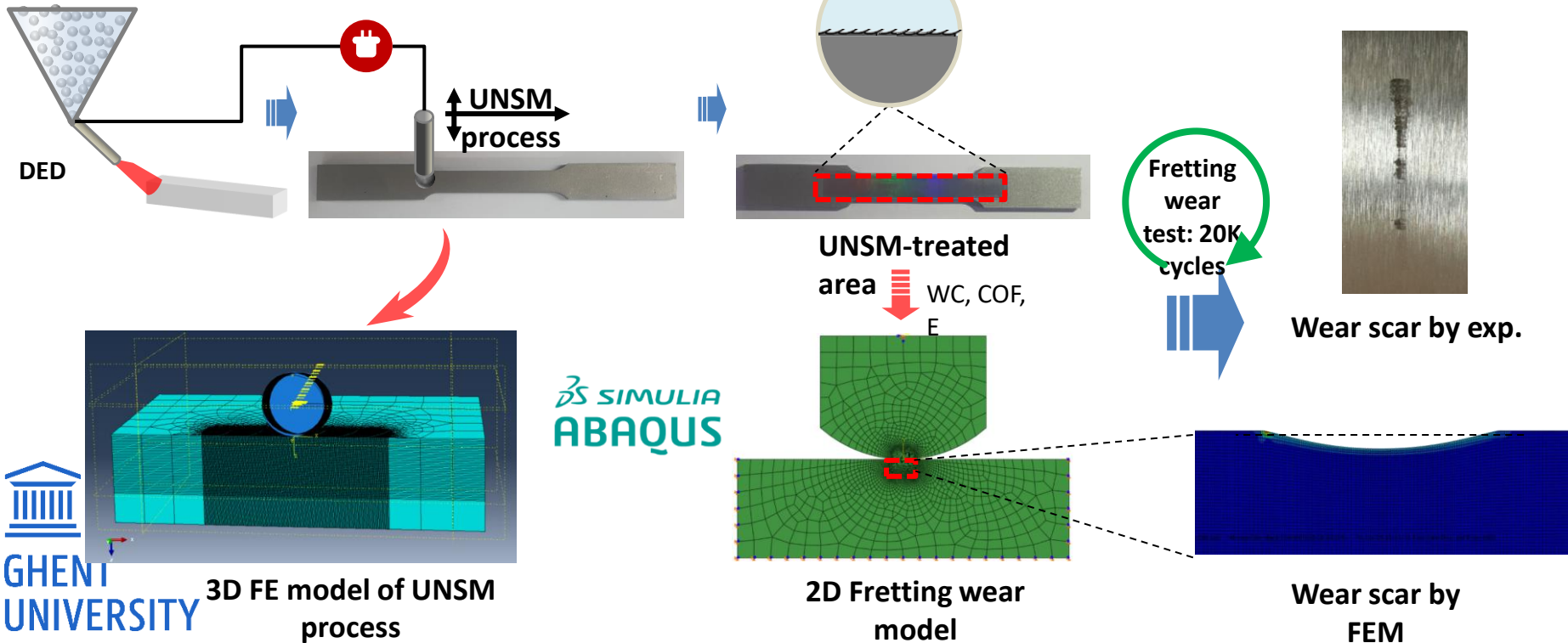
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Nickel-based 718 powder



Predicting lateral displacement of retaining wall for underground structures

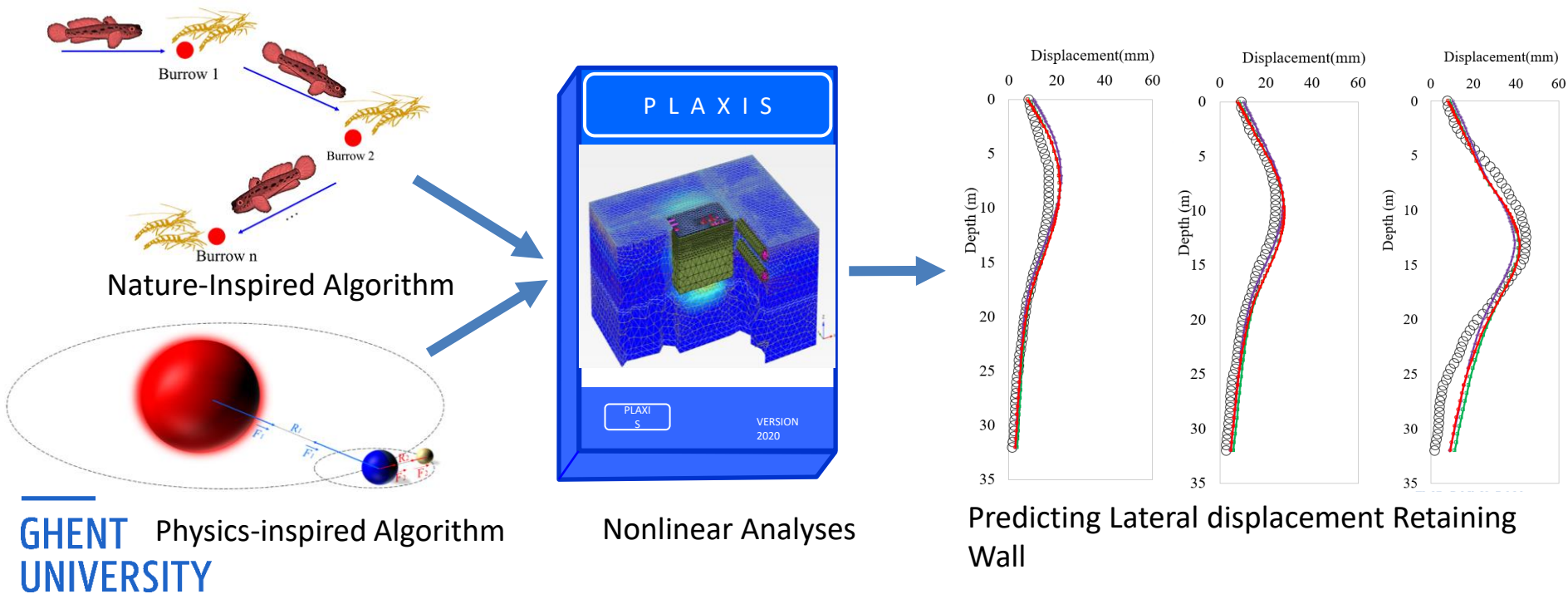
Keywords: Lateral displacement, optimization, underground structures

Promoter: Prof. Magd Abdel Wahab



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Applications of novel bio-inspired metaheuristic algorithms on damage assessment of Chuong Duong truss bridge

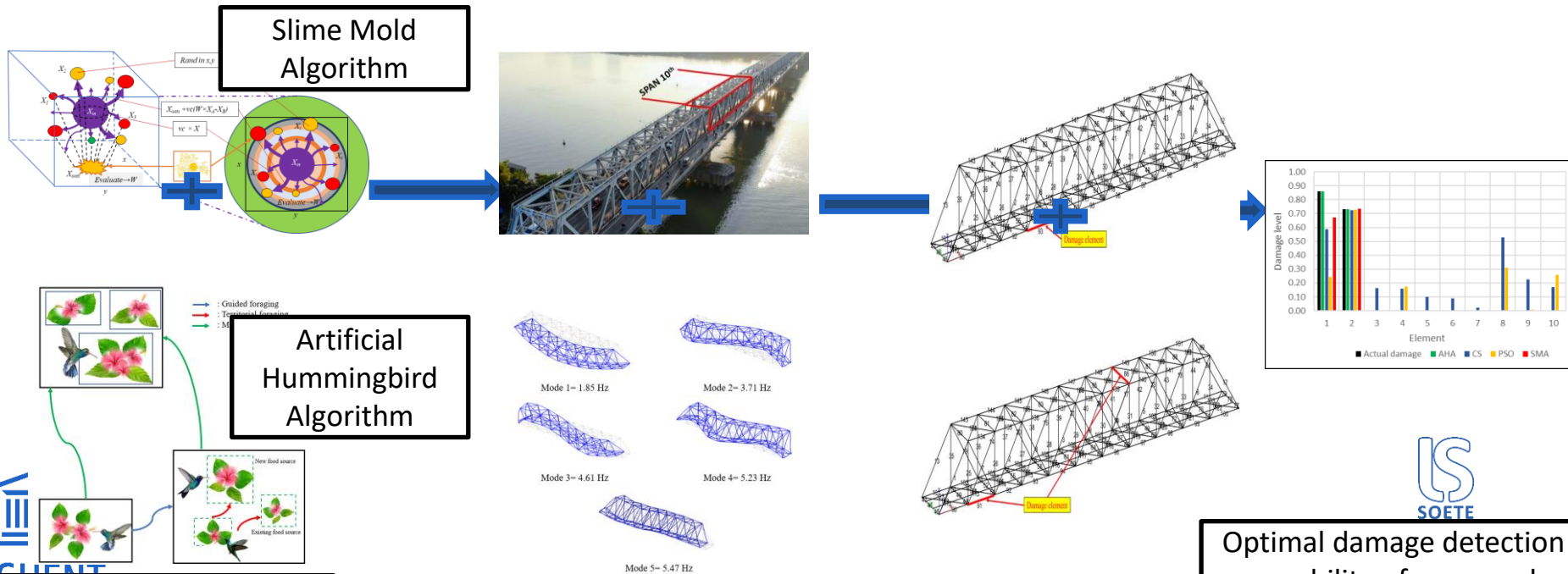
Keywords: Structural Health Monitoring, optimization, damage assessment

Promoter: Prof. Magd Abdel Wahab



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Application of novel Bio-inspired metaheuristic algorithms

Vibration Measurement + Model updating of Chuong Duong truss bridge

Single and multiple damage scenarios to validate damage detection method

Optimal damage detection capability of proposed methods are proven versus traditional optimization algorithms

Damage Assessment in Laminated Composite Plates using Model Strain Energy and YUKI-ANN algorithm

Keywords: Artificial Neural Network, Modal Strain Energy, YUKI algorithm, Damage in laminated composite plates

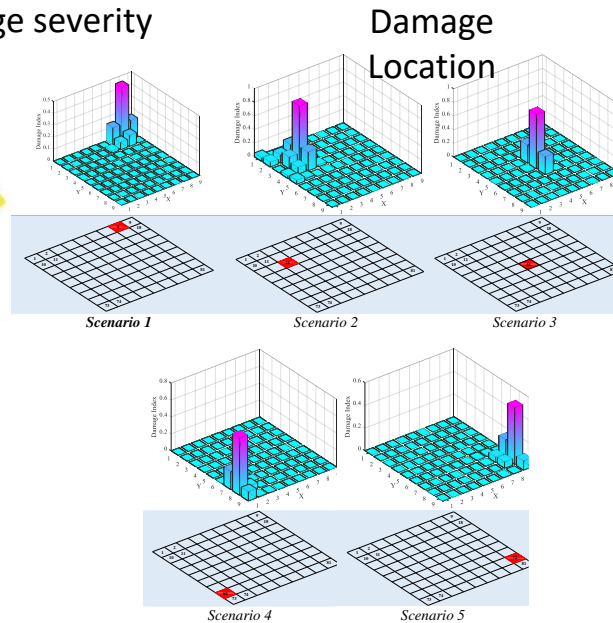
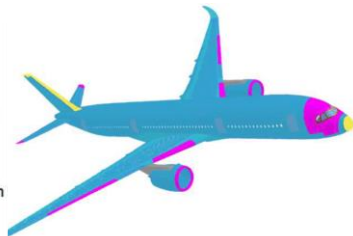
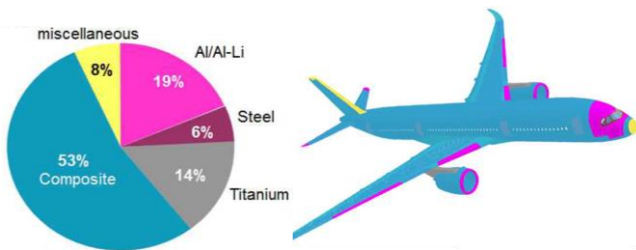
Promoter: Prof. Magd Abdel Wahab

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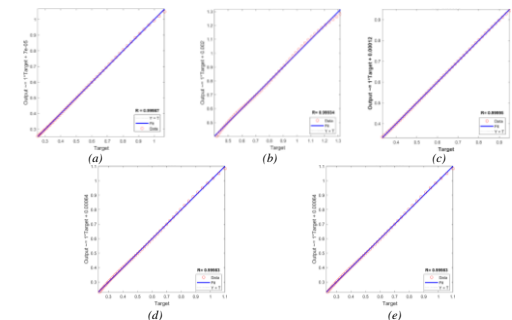


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Composite plates are now widely used in aerospace, naval and military applications
Structural health monitoring of these structures is crucial to detect presence and location of damage and compute damage severity



Damage Quantification



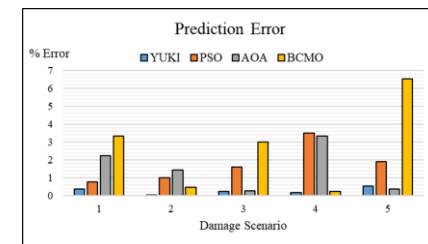
Regression fits for YUKI algorithm for (a) Scenario 1, (b) Scenario 2, (c) Scenario 3, (d) Scenario 4 and (e) Scenario 5

Source: Bachmann et al. Science China Technological Sciences. 60, 2017



Identification of damage location for different damage scenarios using FEM-MSEcr.

Damage indices for different optimization techniques compared with YUKI algorithm



An efficient approach for simulation of wave interaction with porous structure using combined VARANS-VOF equations and GBDT method

Keywords: VARANS-VOF, gradient boosting decision trees, machine learning



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Student: Dang Bao Loi

Introduction

To analyze interaction between sea wave and porous coastal structures



⇒ different approaches



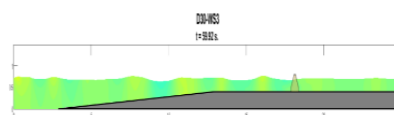
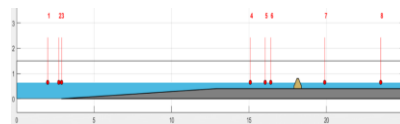
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In this study, VARANS-VOF equations is used for CFD simulations

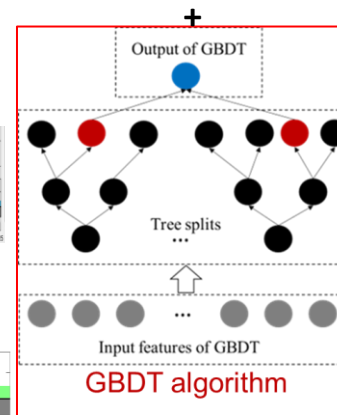
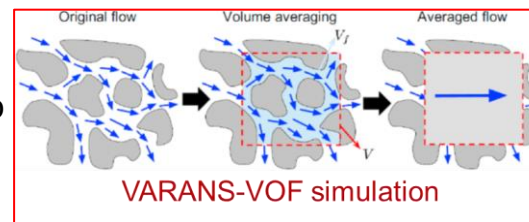
Objectives

Determine appropriate empirical coefficients of VARANS-VOF equation to establish effective numerical model:

- Time-efficient
- High accuracy



Methodology



Tasks

- Conduct and validate numerical model
- Generate dataset
- Develop prediction model
- Compare numerical and experimental results



Fatigue and fracture investigation of flow forming process

Keywords: Flow forming, fatigue, fracture

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Objectives

- The effect of the flow forming process on the fatigue life will be investigated.
- Obtaining accurate results via FEM techniques to validate the process.
- The difference between starting material and flow formed tubes properties will be compared



Methods

- FORGE Nxt FEM software will be used in order to examine flow forming process
- Material properties such as tensile strength, micro-structure analysis will be applied before and after flow forming process.
- Torsional fatigue test system (Sincotec – power swing) will be carried out for the preform and flow formed tubes.



Tasks

- Fatigue life of the flow formed tube will be investigated
- The obtained FEM results will be compared with experimental studies in order to validate the model.
- Material properties such as tensile test, micro structure will be applied to starting material (preform) and flow formed samples.

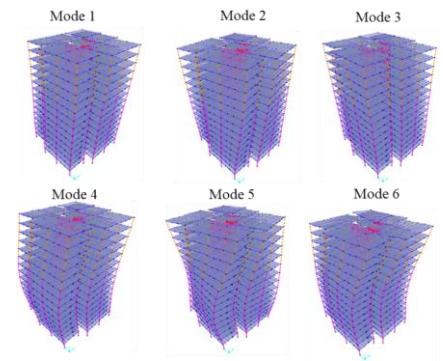
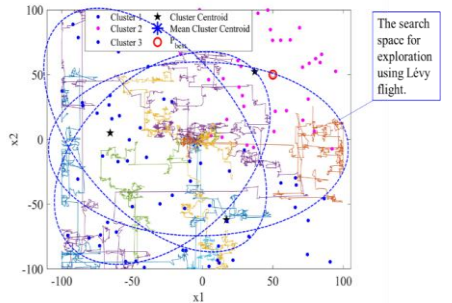
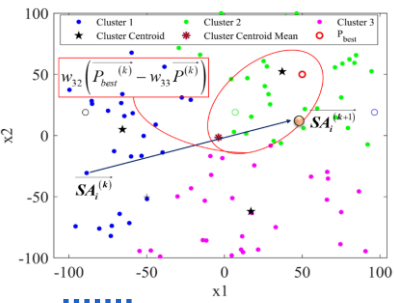
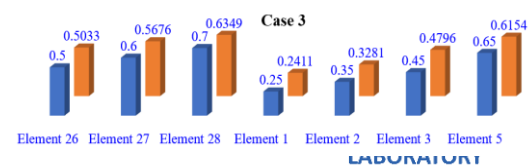
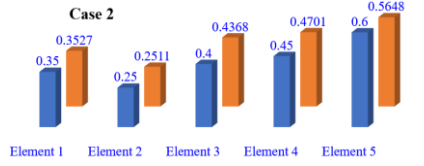
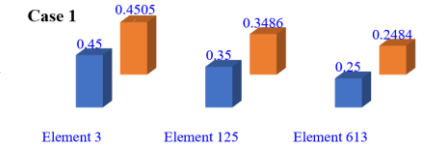
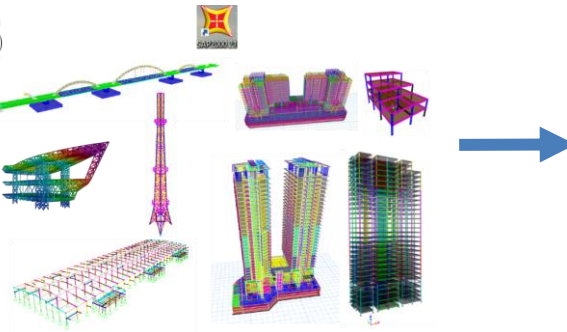
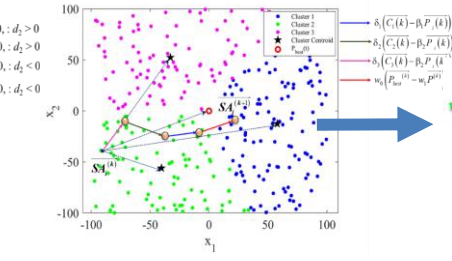
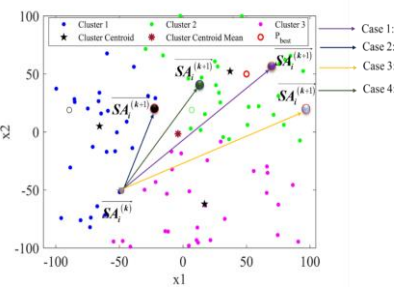
DAMAGE IDENTIFICATION IN LARGE-SCALE STRUCTURES USING NEW METAHEURISTIC OPTIMIZATION ALGORITHMS

Keywords: Optimization algorithms, damage detection, model updating

Promoter: Prof. Magd Abdel Wahab

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Damage identification

Finite element model updating